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| APPLICATION NO.          | FILING DATE      | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.     | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 08/928,861               | 09/12/1997       | IGOR NEYMAN          | P3251                   | 1146             |
| 24739                    | 7590 07/17/2003  |                      |                         |                  |
|                          | COAST PATENT AGE | NCY                  | EXAMINER                |                  |
| PO BOX 187<br>AROMAS, CA | A 95004          |                      | HOOSAIN,                | ALLAN            |
|                          |                  |                      | ART UNIT                | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                          |                  |                      | 2645                    | 2                |
|                          |                  |                      | DATE MAILED: 07/17/2003 |                  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| <u> </u>  | , ,   | Application No.         | Applicant(s)   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | _   | 08/928,861              | NEYMAN ET AL.  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Office Action Summary   | Examiner                | Art Unit   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   | Allan Hoosain           | 2645   |  |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Period for Reply  |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Status<br>1)⊠   | Status 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 April 2003</u> .   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2a)⊠  |   | is action is non-final. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3)  | ,   |                         | matters, presecution as to the morite is                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| · _   | on of Claims  |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| -   | Claim(s) <u>2-10 and 12-18</u> is/are pending in the  | •                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav   | wn from consideration.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| · <u> </u>  | 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-10 and 12-18</u> is/are rejected.   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | The specification is objected to by the Examine   | r                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.  |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.  |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13)   | 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| a)[   | a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 1. Certified copies of the priority documents   | s have been received.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 2. Certified copies of the priority documents   | s have been received i  | n Application No   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14)□ A  | 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).                            |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)   |   |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2) Notice   | e of References Cited (PTO-892)<br>e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)<br>nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) | 5) 🔲 Notice             | iew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |  |  |  |  |
| S. Patent and Tr  | ademark Office  |                         |  |  |  |  |  |

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## FINAL DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 2-10,12-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rogers (US 5,946,386) in view of Andrews et al. (US 5,848,143).

As to Claims 2-9, with respect to Figures 1 and 5, **Rogers** teaches a method for routing Internet Protocol Network Telephony (IPNT) calls at customer premises having a managing processor and a plurality of agent stations coupled to the managing processor, each agent station comprising a computer digitally connected to a telephone forming an IPNT-capable workstation.

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the managing processor storing a current set of routing rules specific to and accessible and editable by a person assigned to the computer workstation, the method comprising steps of:

- (a) receiving an IPNT call at the managing processor (Col. 7, lines 39-43);
- (b) determining the person assigned to the IPNT-capable workstation is an intended recipient for the call (Col. 11, lines 20-43);
- (c) requesting routing by the managing processor from the specific set of current routing rules for the workstation, accessible and editable by the person assigned to the computer workstation (Col. 12, lines 1-6 and Col. 36, lines 33-45); and
- (d) routing the call to the IPNT-capable workstation associated with the intended recipient according to the current routing rules specific to the intended recipient (Col. 36, lines 33-45 and Col. 37, lines 1-51).

Rogers does not teach the following limitations:

"a computer digitally connected to a telephone" and "without converting the protocol of the IPNT call"

However, it is obvious that **Rogers** suggests the limitations. This is because **Rogers** teaches routing voice-over-Internet calls to any telephone instrument and TAPI client and Internet interfaces for receiving Internet calls (Col. 8, lines 53-67, Col. 7, lines 44-46, Col. 9, lines 47-52 and Col. 35, lines 18-22). **Andrews** teaches the limitations (Figure 11 and Figure 10, label 480). Having the cited art at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add TAPI connection Internet Interface capabilities to **Rogers**' invention for receiving Internet calls using integrating telephones and computers as

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taught by Andrews' invention in order to provide Internet applications for placing or receiving calls.

As to Claim 10, with respect to Figures 1-2 and 5, Rogers teaches in a customer premises

Internet Protocol Network Telephony organization (call center) having a managing processor
coupled to a plurality of IPNT-capable agent workstations, including sets of routing rules
specific to individual users (agents) assigned to the workstations, the managing processor for
routing received calls to individual ones of the connected users (agents) at the computer
workstations, a method for individual customization of routing rules for the received calls,
comprising steps of:

- (a) executing a client user interface on one of the computer workstations by a user (an agent) at the station (Col. 36, lines 23-32);
- (b) determining routing for the received calls addressed to the computer workstation at the computer workstation by the user (agent) at the computer workstation using the client user interface to access and edit personal routing rules (Col. 33-45);
- (c) transmitting the routing determination to a router executing on the managing processor (Col. 36, lines 19-32); and
- (d) routing the received telephone calls by the router according to the transmitted routing determination, (Col. 8, lines 51-59, Col. 36, lines 33-45 and Col. 37, lines 1-51);

Rogers does not teach the following limitation:

"without converting the protocol of the IPNT call"

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However, it is obvious that **Rogers** suggests the limitation. This is because **Rogers** teaches routing voice-over-Internet calls to any telephone instrument and TAPI client and Internet interfaces for receiving Internet calls (Col. 8, lines 53-67, Col. 7, lines 44-46, Col. 9, lines 47-52 and Col. 35, lines 18-22). **Andrews** teaches the limitations (Figure 11 and Figure 10, label 480). Having the cited art at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add TAPI connection Internet Interface capabilities to **Rogers**' invention for receiving Internet calls using integrating telephones and computers as taught by **Andrews**' invention in order to provide Internet applications for placing or receiving calls.

As to Claims 12,16, **Rogers** teaches the method of claim 10 wherein the processor executing the client-server router is a processor separate from the managing processor (Figure 1, labels 101 and 110).

As to Claim 13, with respect to Figures 1 and 5, **Rogers** teaches a call router system for determining routing of incoming Internet Protocol Network Telephony calls in a customer premises organization (call center) including a managing processor connected to individual IPNT-capable computer workstations, the managing processor having sets of routing rules specific to individual agents associated with the workstations, the router system comprising:

a client user interface executable on one of the computer workstations, and adapted to provide functions for editing routing rules for individual users (agents) (Col. 36, lines 46-51); and

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a router listing current routing rules specific to the user (agent) at the workstation (Col. 36, lines 23-27 and 46-52);

wherein the client user interface is adapted to transmit user (agent)-edited routing rules to the router, and the router is adapted to provide routing to incoming calls addressed to the user (agent) according to the current routing rules (Col. 36, lines 33-45 and Col. 37, lines 1-51);

**Rogers** does not teach the following limitation:

"without converting the protocol of the IPNT call"

However, it is obvious that **Rogers** suggests the limitation. This is because **Rogers** teaches routing voice-over-Internet calls to any telephone instrument and TAPI client and Internet interfaces for receiving Internet calls (Col. 8, lines 53-67, Col. 7, lines 44-46, Col. 9, lines 47-52 and Col. 35, lines 18-22). **Andrews** teaches the limitations (Figure 11 and Figure 10, label 480). Having the cited art at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add TAPI connection Internet Interface capabilities to **Rogers**' invention for receiving Internet calls using integrating telephones and computers as taught by **Andrews**' invention in order to provide Internet applications for placing or receiving calls.

As to Claim 14, **Rogers** teaches the method of claim 13 wherein the editable routing rules for the intended recipient are maintained on a central client-server router executed on a processor (Col. 36, lines 24-28 and Col. 9, lines 1-11).

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As to Claim 15, Rogers teaches the method of claim 14 wherein the processor is the managing processor for the call center (Col. 36, lines 24-28).

As to Claim 17, **Rogers** teaches the method of claim 14 wherein the editable routing rules specific to the person are maintained at the computer workstation (Col. 36, lines 46-51).

As to Claim 18, **Rogers** teaches the organization (call router) system of claim 14 wherein routing rules for connected user's (agent's) computer workstations are maintained separately on the processor that executes the router, and wherein routing is accessed from the routing rules according to destination information for received calls (Figure 1, labels 110, 101 and Col. 36, lines 33-45).

## Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 4/9/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because of the following:
- (a) Applicants argue that **Rogers** does not teach or suggest receiving Internet calls without converting the protocols.

Examiner respectfully disagrees because **Rogers** teaches an Internet interface and the system can function as an Internet server for receiving calls (Col. 8, lines 53-67 and Col. 7, lines 44-46). In addition, Examiner noted the cited passage of **Rogers** at Cols 2-3 and believes that it is only a portion of the summary of **Rogers**' invention.

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(b) Examiner respectfully invites Applicants to contact Examiner to discuss possible

amendments for overcoming the prior art of record.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Shimada et al. (US 6,396,919) teach agent workstations with TAPI interfaces.

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office

action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is

reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

7. Any response to this final action should be mailed to:

**Box AF** 

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

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Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314, (for formal communications; please mark "EXPEDITED PROCEDURE")

Or:

(703) 306-0377 (for customer service assistance)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to **Allan Hoosain** whose telephone number is (703) 305-4012. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 7 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Fan Tsang**, can be reached on (703) 305-4895.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Primary Examiner 7/11/03